University of Bahrain
College of Science
Department of Mathematics
First Semester 2010-2011
MATH 311
(Group Theory)
Test 1
Sunday 7 November 2010
Instructor: Dr Khalid Amin 13:00-14:00


## Instructions

1. Please write your name and your university identity number in the space provided above.
2. Make sure that your copy of this test consists of 6 pages and 5 different
questions.
3. In Question 1, you first mark your answers by T(True) or F (False)
and then justify your claims.
In Questions 4-5, you must show the details of your solutions to the problems.

|  | Maximum Points Possible | You Scored |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Question 1 | 05 |  |
| Question 2 | 04 |  |
| Question 3 | 05 |  |
| Question 4 | 07 |  |
| Question 5 | 04 |  |
| Total | 25 |  |

## Question 1 [ 05 points ]

Mark each of the following statements as $\mathbf{T}$ (True) or $\mathbf{F}$ (False).

Briefly explain why.

1. The empty set can be considered a group under any binary
operation. $\qquad$ .
2. Any group has at most two subgroups.
3. $\mathbb{N}^{+}=\{1,2,3, \ldots\}$ is a group under the ordinary addition.
4. Any group with exactly two generators must be infinite.
5. $\mathbb{Q}$ is a cyclic group .

## Question 2 [ 04 points ]

In the following, give an example or say no such a thing exists.

1. An infinite abelian group.
2. A finite non-abelian group.
3. A cyclic group of order 2010.
4. A non-abelian group of order 24.

## Question 3 [ 05 points ]

Construct the Cayley Table for a group $G=\{e, a, b\}$ of order 3.

## Question 4 [ 07 points ]

Let

$$
\sigma=\left(\begin{array}{lllllllll}
1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 \\
3 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 4 & 5 & 2 & 1 & 6
\end{array}\right)
$$

(a) Write $\sigma$ as a product of disjoint cycles.
(b) Is $\sigma$ even or an odd permutation?
(c) Find the order of $\sigma$.
(d) Find the inverse of $\sigma$.
(e) Compute $\sigma^{-2010}$.

## Question 5 [ 04 points ]

Let $H$ and $K$ be subgroups of a group $G$.
(a) Show that in general $H K$ is not a subgroup of $G$.
(b) Give two conditions under which $H K$ is a subgroup of
G.

