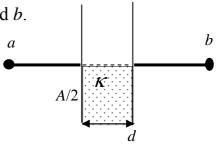
Name:.....Section:....

**Q1** (10 points) A parallel plate capacitor of plate separation d=1mm and capacitance  $C_0=18$  pF is charged by a battery to charge  $Q_0=45$  pc. The battery is then disconnected, and the capacitor is half- filled with dielectric of  $\kappa=5$ , as shown in the figure.

- **a**) Find the equivalent capacitance (*C*).
- **b**) Find the potential difference (*V*) between points *a* and *b*.
- c) Find the electric field (*E*) inside the dielectric.



Solution:

**a**) 
$$C_o = \frac{\varepsilon_o A}{d}, C = C_1 + C_2 = \frac{\varepsilon_o (A/2)k}{d} + \frac{\varepsilon_o (A/2)}{d}$$

$$C = \frac{\varepsilon_o A}{d} \cdot \frac{k+1}{2} = C_o \frac{k+1}{2} = 54\rho F$$

**b**) 
$$Q_o = Q = CV, V = 45 \, pC / 54 \, pF = 0.833V$$

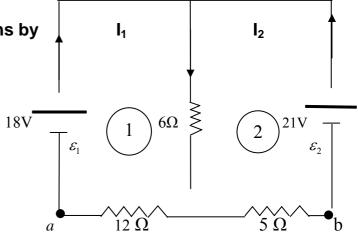
c) 
$$E = V/d = 833.3$$
 V/m

Q2 (10 points) In the shown circuit: (a) Write the loop and juction equations by  $I_3$ 

applying krichhoff's rules.

**(b)** If  $I_1 = 0.445$  A, find  $I_2$  and  $I_3$ .

- (c) What is the power output of  $\mathcal{E}_2$ ?
- (d) Find the potential between *a* and *b*.



Solution:

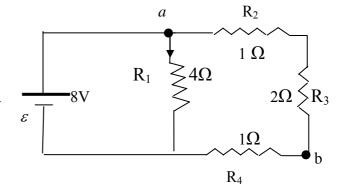
- a)  $I_1 I_2 + I_3 = 0$   $12I_1 + 6I_2 = 18$  $6I_2 + 5I_3 = 21$
- **b**)  $I_2 = 2.11A$   $I_3 = 1.668A$

c) 
$$P_{out} = \varepsilon_2 \cdot I_3 = 35.03$$
 W

**d**)  $V_{ab} = -12 I_1 + 5 I_3 = 3V$ 

## Q3 (10 points) In the shown circuit, Find:

- (a) The equivalent resistance.
- (**b**) The current  $I_1$ .
- (c) The potential difference between *a* and *b*.
- (d) The power dissipated in  $R_3$ .



## Solution:

**a**) 
$$R_{eq} = \{R_1 / [R_2 = R_3 = R_4]\}$$

$$= \{4//4\} = 2\Omega$$

**b**) 
$$I_1 = 8/R_1 = 2A$$

$$I_2 = \frac{8}{(R_2 + R_3 + R_4)} = 2A, V_{ab} = I_2(R_2 + R_3) = 6V$$
  
c)

**d**) 
$$P = I_2^2 \cdot R_3 = 8W$$

Useful constants		
$K=9x10^9 N.m^2/C^2$	$\varepsilon_o = 8.854 \times 10^{-12} C^2 / N.m^2,$	$m_e = 9.1 \times 10^{-31} kg$
$M_p = 1.67 \times 10^{-27} kg$	$e = 1.602 \times 10^{-19} C$	$g=10m/s^2$